

An Approximation Scheme for a Weighted 2-Clustering Problem

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We consider the following clustering problem:

Given an N -element set \mathcal{Y} of points from \mathbb{R}^q , a positive integer $M \leq N$, and real numbers (weights) $\omega_1 > 0$ and $\omega_2 \geq 0$. Find a partition of \mathcal{Y} into two clusters \mathcal{C} and $\mathcal{Y} \setminus \mathcal{C}$ minimizing the value of

$$\omega_1 \sum_{y \in \mathcal{C}} \|y - \bar{y}(\mathcal{C})\|^2 + \omega_2 \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y} \setminus \mathcal{C}} \|y\|^2,$$

where $|\mathcal{C}| = M$ and $\bar{y}(\mathcal{C}) = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{C}|} \sum_{y \in \mathcal{C}} y$ is the centroid of \mathcal{C} .

We present an algorithm that allows to find a $(1 + \varepsilon)$ -approximate solution of the problem in $\mathcal{O}\left(\sqrt{q}N^2\left(\frac{\pi\varepsilon}{2}\right)^{q/2}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon}} + 2\right)^q\right)$ time for any $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$. The algorithm implements a FPTAS in the case of fixed space dimension and remains polynomial for instances of dimension $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$.

Earlier, in [1–3], for the strongly NP-hard cases when (1) $\omega_1 = 1$ and $\omega_2 = 0$, (2) $\omega_1 = \omega_2 = 1$ and (3) $\omega_1 = |\mathcal{C}|$ and $\omega_2 = N - |\mathcal{C}|$, the approximation schemes with running time $\mathcal{O}\left(qN^2\left(\sqrt{\frac{2q}{\varepsilon}} + 1\right)^q\right)$ were proposed.

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References

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