

# THE ANALYSIS OF STABILITY OF GRADIENT ALGORITHM FOR PROBLEMS OF CONVEX DISCRETE OPTIMIZATION

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It is shown in the research that gradient algorithm is stable at curvature perturbation of admissible domain for the problems of convex discrete optimization in the terms of guaranteed estimations.

Let  $Z_+^n(R_+^n)$  be the set of  $n$ -dimensional not negative integer (real) vectors,  $P \subseteq Z_+^n$  – ordinal convex set [1].

It is considered the following problem A of convex discrete optimization: To find

$$\max\{f(x)|x = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \in P \subseteq Z_+^n\},$$

where  $f(x) \in \mathfrak{R}_p(Z_+^n)$  – not decreasing function,  $\mathfrak{R}_p(Z_+^n)$  – class  $p$ -coordinate convex functions.

Designate curvature sets  $P$  [1] as  $\theta(p)$ . As usual [2], if guaranteed estimations of perturbation problem are not retrogress, then gradient algorithm is called stable.

**Theorem.** *Gradient algorithm is stable at "small" curvature perturbations of the set  $P$  for the problem A.*

**Remark.** *This research develops previously obtained results [2].*

## REFERENCES

1. M.M. Kovalov. *Matroids in discrete optimization*. Minsk, 1987, p 222.
2. A.B. Ramazanov. *On stability of the gradient algorithm in convex discrete optimization problems and related questions* – Discrete Math. and Appl. – 2011, v.21, №4, p. 465-476.