

# On a new class of facet inducing inequalities for the correlation clustering problem

Ruslan Simanchev<sup>1,2</sup> and Polina Chervonnykh<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Omsk Scientific Center of SB RAS, 15 Marksa avenue, 644024 Omsk, Russia

<sup>2</sup> Omsk State University, 55a Mira avenue, 644077 Omsk, Russia  
osiman@rambler.ru, polinochka.chervonnykh@mail.ru

In this paper we continue our polyhedral research for the correlation clustering problem [1]. Let  $\mathbf{K}_n = (V, E)$  be a complete unoriented graph without loops and multiple edges. Spanning subgraph  $H \subset \mathbf{K}_n$  is called M-graph if each of its connected components is a clique or single-vertex graph. We denote the set of all M-graphs in  $\mathbf{K}_n$  through  $\mu(V)$ . Let  $G \subset \mathbf{K}_n$  be some a priori set spanning subgraph. Correlation clustering problem consists in finding M-graph  $H$  minimizing the functional  $\rho_G(H) = |EG \cup EH| - |EG \cap EH|$  on set  $\mu(V)$ . We present this problem as the problem of minimizing a linear functional on the convex hull of the incidence vectors of M-graphs. In this paper a new class of inequalities that induce the facets of a polytope of a problem are described, the separation problem for these inequalities are discussed.

## References

1. Simanchev, R. Yu., Urazova, I. V.: On the polytope faces of the graph approximation problem. J. of Applied and Industrial Mathematics. 2015. Vol. 9(2) P. 283–291.